

The Royal Astronomical Society of Canada

Observer's Calendar
1999



JANUARY

Orion's Sword

The icy, bright, stars of Orion's Sword are stunning in binoculars and are seen here, from left to right, in NGC1977 and in the middle and outer edge of M42, the Great Orion Nebula itself. The often-neglected NGC1977 is, in this deep image, spectacular for its range of colours and glowing dust clouds. Photo by Peter Cetavolo

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
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Set 901 8.38 Rise 18.23 18.35 3	Set 9:40 9:21 Rise 19:33 19:42 4	Set 10:12 9:58 Rise 20:42 20:47 5	Set 10:40 10:29 Rise 21:50 21:51 6	Set 11:04 10:58 Rise 22:56 22:53	Set 11:26 11:24 Rise - 23:53	Rise 0.00 Set 11:48 11:50 3rd Quarter 9:22 Sunrise 8:01 7:37 Sunset 16:14 16:37
Earth at perihelion (147,098 Mm) 8 am Quadrantid meteors peak 6 pm West East Rise 1.03 0.52		Rise 3:08 2:50 13	Rise 4:10 3:48 12	Rise 5:10 4:45 1 /1	Rise 6.07 5:41 15	Rise 6:59 6:33 16
Rise 1:03 0:52 10	Rise 2:06 1:51 Set 12:35 12:44	Fise 3:08 2:50 12	Rise 4:10 3:48 13	Rise 5:10 4:45 14 Set 14:12 14:29 14	Set 14:57 15:14 1	Rise 6:59 6:33 16 Sunrise 7:56 7:34 Sunset 16:24 16:45
West East Pise 7.45 7.21 Set 16.49 17.04 17.04 17.04 17.04	Flise 8:26 8:04 18	Flise 9:01 8:43 19	Pise 9:31 9:18 20	Rise 9:59 9:51 21	Rise 10:25 10:21 22	Rise 10:52 10:52 23 Set - 23:52 Sunrise 7:49 7:29 Sunset 16:35 16:55
Set 0.04 - 24 Set 0.04 - 11:19 11:24 Ist Quarier 14:15	Set 1:20 1:04 25	Set 2:36 2:15 26	Set 3:50 3:25 27	Pluto moves closer to Sun than Neptune, till Mar. 14/99, 20 years ago Jupiter 2.3°N of Moon 7 pm Set 4:58 4:32 Rise 13:57 14:14 28	Set 5:59 5:33 29	Set 6:51 6:27 30 Rise 16:01 16:15 Sunrise 7:40 7:22
West East		First photographs taken at Palomar Observatory, 50 years ago	Moon occults Aldebaran (visible in Quebec and west) 3 am			Sunset 16:47 17:05
Set 7:34 7:13 31 Rise 17:10 17:21 31 Full Moon 11:06					" A single misty star Which is the second in a line of stars That seem a sword beneath a bell of three, I never gazed upon it but I dreamt Of some vast charm" Tennyson Medfin and Vivien	



FEBRUARY

An Upward Sweep of Trees and Startrails

Stars write signatures of their colours and therefore of their temperatures in the trails they leave. Between the hot blue and white stars of the Pleiades in the lower right and of Perseus in the upper middle, the reddish smudge of the California Nebula precedes Capella, just left of centre.

Photo by Ben Gendre

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	Moon occults Regulus (visible in parts of E Canada) 7 pt	n		Vesta at opposition	Mariner 10 sends back photos of Venus' cloud cover, 25 years ago	
West East Set 10.37 10.45 Rise - 7	Rise 0:54 0:37 Set 11:03 11:14 3rd Quarter 6:58	Rise 1:56 1:36 9	Rise 2:56 2:33 10	Flise 3.54 3.29 1 1 1	Rise 4:48 4:22 12 Set 13:37 13:55	Rise 5:37 5:12 Set 14:34 14:50 1 Sunrise 7:17 7:04 Sunset 17:12 17:25
Mars 2.6°SW of Moon 2 an West East Riso 621 5:58		0	A 21-2 201 201 17	Site 200 200 10	Disc 0.55 0.55 1.0	Disc. 022 027 2
Riso 6:21 5:58 Set 15:38 15:51	Rise 6:58 6:39 15 Set 16:48 16:57	Rise 7:32 7:17 Set 18:02 18:07 New Moon 1:39	Rise 8:01 7:51 Set 19:18 19:18 17	Rise 8:29 8:23 18	Rise 8:56 8:55 Set 21:52 21:42 19	Rise 9:23 9:27 2 Set 23:10 22:55 2 Sunrise 7:03 6:54 Sunset 17:25 17:35
alentine's Day						
Rise 9.53 10.01 21	Set 0.26 0.07 Rise 10.27 10.38 22 1st Quarter 21.43	Set 1:40 1:17 23	Set 2:50 2:24 24	Set 3.52 3.28 25	Set 4:46 4:21 26	Set 5:31 5.08 2 Rise 14:54 15:07 2 Sunrise 6:49 6:42 Sunset 17:37 17:44
		Venus 0.2°N of Jupiter 7 pm			Total solar eclipse, last one visible in Canada this century, 20 years ago	
Set 6:08 5:50 28					JANUARY	MARCH
20					S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31



MARCH

Hale-Bopp Does Perseus

Two years ago, the blue gas tail of the comet ran parallel to Algol up to the brightest congregation of Perseus' stars.

Not to be outdone, the dust tail flared out beneath the Double Cluster. Sandwiched between both tails were faint, red regions of glowing hydrogen associated to the smaller double clusters of IC1805 and IC1848.

Photo by Bill Roberts

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Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events which are given in local time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages. Please see back pages for photo details						
and additional information about this calendar.	Regulus 0.4°N of Moon (best in western Canada) 5 am		Mercury greatest elong. E (18°) (best evening view in 1999) 8 am	Voyager 1 discovers ring around Jupiter,		Zodiacal Light visible in W after evening twilight for next two weeks Mars 2.5° S of Moon (best in eastern Canada) 11 pm
Set 9:04 9:14 7	Set 9:32 9:45 8		Rise 1:42 1:18 10 Set 1:42 10:59 10 Set 3:40 3:40	20 years ago Rise 2:38 2:12 Set 11:26 11:44 1 1	Rise 3.28 3.02 12	Rise 4:13 3:49 Set 13:19 13:33 13 Sunrise 6:19 6:17 Sunset 18:01 18:03
					G. Kirchhoff, co-discover of spectrum analysis, born, 175 years ago	
Rise 4.53 4.32 14	Rise 5:28 5:11 15	Rise 5:59 5:47 16:54 16:56 16	Rise 6:28 6:20 17 Set 18:12 18:09 New Moon 13:48	Rise 6:56 6:53 18	Rise 7:24 7:25 19 Set 20:52 20:39	Rise 7:53 8:00 20 Set 22:12 21:53 20 Sunrise 6:03 6:04 Sunset 18:13 18:12
Albert Einstein born, 120 years ago Neptune moves closer to Sun than Pluto West East					Venus 2.3°N of Saturn (Cr. Moon 4.5° to south) 8 pm	Spring Equinox 8:46 pm
Rise 826 837 21	Rise 9.05 9:19 22	Set 0.42 0.17 23	Set 1:48 1:21 Rise 10:42 10:59 1st Quarter 5:18	Set 2:44 2:18 25	Set 3:31 3:08 26	Set 4:10 3:50 27 Rise 13:52 14:02 27 Sunrise 5:48 5:51 Sunset 18:24 18:21
	F. Argelander, founder of study of variable stars, born, 200 years ago					
Set 4:42 4:26 28 Set 4:42 4:26 28	Set 5:10 4:58 29 Rise 16:08 16:10	Set 5:34 5:27 30	Set 5.57 5.54 31 Rise 18:21 18:15 Full Moon 17:49		FEBRUARY S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	APRIL S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
				"If we are open only to those discoveries which will accord with what we already know, we might as well stay shut."	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
De Laplace, known as the Newton of France, born, 250 years ago	Mariner 10 transmits first detailed photos of Mercury, 25 years ago			Alan Watts American philosopher		



APRIL

A Poet's "Blood of the Moon"

The darkness or redness of a total lunar eclipse is determined by the amount of dust present in the Earth's atmosphere at the time; the Danjon number, as described in the RASC Observer's Handbook, quantifies the Moon's shading. More fancifully, the vivid hues evoke a colourful response from the poet. Photo by Roy Bishop

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Set 8.32 8.44 Rise 23.34 23.13	Set 9:02 9:17 5	Rise 0:34 0:09 Set 9:37 9:54 6	Rise 1:30 1:04 7	Rise 2:21 1:55 Set 11:07 11:25 3rd Quarter 22:51	Rise 3:08 2:43 Set 12:03 12:19	Rise 3:49 3:26 1 Set 13:05 13:18 1 Sunrise 6:17 6:25 Sunset 19:47 19:39
aster Sunday ylight Savings Time Begins 2 am diacal Light visible in W after vening twilight for next two weeks West East Rise 425 4.06 Set 14:14 14:23	Rise 4:57 4:42 12	Rise 5:26 5:16 13	Rise 5:54 5:48 14	Rise 621 620 15	Rise 6:50 6:54 16 Set 20:47 20:30 New Moon 0:22	Rise 7:22 7:31 17 Set 22:08 21:47 Sunrise 6:02 6:13 Sunset 19:59 19:48
nus 2.8°S of Plelades 9:30 pm West East Rise 7:59 8:11 Set 23:27 23:02	Rise 8:42 8:58 19	Set 0.38 0.11 20	Set 1:40 1:13 21	Set 2:31 2:07 Plise 11:36 11:51 15:01	Mercury greatest elong. W (28°) 12 pm Set 3:13 2:52 23 Rise 12:44 12:55 23	Set 3:47 3:30 24 Rise 13:52 13:59 24 Sunrise 5:47 6:01 Sunset 20:10 19:56
Set West East 4.15 4.03 25	Moon occults Aldebaran (visible in prairie provinces) 12 am Set 4:40 4:32 26	Set 5:03 4:59 27	Set 5.25 5.24 28	Set 5:47 5:50 29 Rise 19:20 19:07	Set 6:10 6:17 30 Full Moon 10:55	Mars at opposition 2 pm



MAY

The Big Dipper Wreathed in an Aurora

Springtime is a good time to stay up for auroral activity, which is on the rise again in response to a new cycle of sunspots. In this example, the colours from excited nitrogen and oxygen atoms manifest themselves as sheets of drapery 100 kilometers above the Earth's circumpolar regions.

Photo by Leo Brodeur

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Set 7:03 7:17 Rise 22:27 22:03 2	Set 7:36 7:53 Pise 23:24 22:59 3	Set 8:15 8:33 A	Rise 0:18 5	Rise 1:06 0:40 Set 9:53 10:10 6	Rise 1:48 1:24 7	Rise 2:25 2:04 Set 11:56 12:07 3rd Quarter 13:28 Sunrise 5:22 5:40 Sunset 20:32 20:14
West Sec			η-Aquarid meteors peak 6 am			
West East Rise 2:57 2:41 Set 13:05 13:12	Rise 3:26 3:14 10	Rise 3.53 3.45 Set 15:34 15:31 11	Rise 4.20 4:17 12	Rise 4:47 4:48 13	Rise 5:16 5:23 Set 19:38 19:19 14	Rise 5:50 6:01 15 15 Set 21:00 20:36 15 Set 21:00 20:36 15 Sunrise 5:11 5:31 Sunset 20:43 20:22
Mother's Day Multiple Mirror Telescope in Arizona dedicated, 20 years ago						
Rise 6.31 6.45 16	Rise 7:19 7:36 17	Rise 8:17 8:34 18	Set 0.25 - 19 Rise 9.21 9.37	Set 1:12 0:49 20	Set 1:50 1:31 21 Rise 11:40 11:49 21	Set 2:21 2:06 Rise 12:49 12:54 1:31 Quarter 1:34 Sunrise 5:01 5:24 Sunset 20:53 20:30
						International Astronomy Day Moon occults Regulus (visible in eastern Canada) 1 am
Set 247 2:37 Rise 13:57 13:58 23	Set 3:10 3:04 24	Set 3.32 3.30 25	Set 3:53 3:55 26	Set 4:15 4:21 27 Rise 18:16 18:00	Set 4:39 4:49 28	Set 5.06 5:19 29 Rise 20:20 19:57 Sunrise 4:54 5:19 Sunset 21:02 20:37
	Victoria Day	Juno at opposition				Test of General Relativity during solar eclipse, 80 years ago Farthest Lunar Apogee of 1999 4 am
Set 5:37 5:53 Rise 21:19 20:54 30	Set 6:14 6:31 31					and the second s
Pluto at opposition 8 pm						



JUNE

The Northern Coalsack

In this magnificent wide-field, medium-format portrait of eastern Cygnus, look for a large obscuring cloud of dust between the North American Nebula and the subtle red loops of hydrogen gas around Gamma Cygni (just to lower right of centre): the Northern Coalsack is the beginning of the Great Rift in Cygnus.

Photo by Ben Gendre

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Rise 1:30 1:16 Set 12:02 12:06	Rise 1:57 1:47 Set 13:15 13:14 3rd Quarter 0:20	Rise 2:22 2:17 Set 14:30 14:24 8	Rise 2:47 2:47 9	Rise 3:14 3:19 10	Rise 3:45 3:53 11	Rise 4:21 4:33 12 Set 19:50 19:24 12 Sunrise 4:46 5:13 Sunset 21:14 20:47
West East 504 500 504 500 15.03	Rise 5:57 6:15 14	Mars 1.7° NE of Spica 11:30 pm Rise 7:00 7:17 Set 23:04 22:39	Riso 8.09 8:23 16	Rise 9.21 9.32 17	Venus greatest elong. E (45°) 8 am Set 0.22 0.05 18 Rise 10.33 10.40 18	Set 0.51 0.39 19 Rise 11.44 11.45 19 Sunrise 4.45 5.13 Sunset 21:18 20.50
Set 1:15 1:08 Rise 12:52 12:50 1st Quarter 14:13	Set 1:38 1:35 21	Set 2:00 2:00 22 Rise 15:03 14:53 22	Set 2:21 2:26 23	Set 2:44 2:53 24 Rise 17:10 16:52 24	W. Lassell, builder of first clock-driven mount, born, 200 years ago Set 3:10 3:22 25 Rise 18:12 17:50	Set 3:39 3:54 26 Rise 19:12 18:48 Sunrise 4:47 5:15 Sunset 21:19 20:51
Father's Day Set 4:13 4:30 27 Rise 20:10 19:43	Summer Solstice 3:49 pm Set 4:54 5:12 28 Full Moon 17:37	Set 5.42 6.00 29	Set 6:37 6:54 30	StJean-Baptiste Day	MAY S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	JULY S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
	Mercury greatest elong. E (26°) 7 pm			" that Milky Way Which nightly as a circling zone thou seest Powder'd with stars" Milton Paradise Lost	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31



JULY

The Veil Nebula at High Power
The braiding of strands in this supernova remnant can be observed through a telescope with high magnification
and a high-contrast filter. This CCD image is additionally awash in colours, especially the characteristic blue
and green of excited oxygen and the red, which eludes the visual observer, of excited hydrogen. Photo by Jack Newton

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Rise 0.02 Set 11:03 11:05 4	Rise 0:27 0:20 5	Rise 0.52 0.49 Set 13:31 13:22 3rd Quarter 7:57	Rise 1:17 1:19 7	Rise 1:45 1:51 8	Rise 2:17 2:28 Set 17:24 17:01	Rise 2:55 3:09 Set 18:41 18:14 Sunrise 4:57 5:23 Sunset 21:13 20:47
2 Shadows on Jupiter (visible in Newfoundland) 12:48 am West East Rise 3:42 3:59 Set 19:50 19:23	Rise 4:39 4:56 12 Set 20:50 20:24 New Moon 22:24	Earth at aphelion (152,099 Mm) 6 pm Rise 5.45 6.01 13	Rise 6.57 7:09 14	Saskatchewan Star Party, Cypress Hills SK (through July 11) Rise 8:11 8:19 15 Set 22:51 22:37	Rise 9:24 9:28 16	Rise 10.35 10.35 17 Set 23.42 23.37 17 Sunrise 5.05 5.29 Sunset 21:07 20.43
Skylab 1 crashes to Earth, 20 years ago	Venus 1.2°S of Regulus 10:30 pm		Venus at greatest brilliancy 3 pm	Starfest, Mount Forest, ON (through July 18) Venus 2.4° below Moon 10 pm		
Rise 11:43 11:39 18	Set 0.04 0.03 19	Set 0.26 0.29 20 Rise 13.55 13.42 20 st Quarter 5.00	Set 0.49 0.56 21	Set 1:13 1:24 22	Set 1:41 1:54 23	Set 2:13 2:29 24 Rise 18:01 17:36 Sunrise 5:14 5:36 Sunset 20:58 20:36
Set 2.51 3.09 25	Set 3.36 3.55 26	Neil Armstrong first man on Moon, 30 years ago Set 4:29 4:47 27 Rise 20:29 20:05 27	Set 5:29 5:44 28 Full Moon 7:25	Set 6.34 6.45 29	Set 7:43 7:50 30	Set 8:54 8:57 31
	Neptune at opposition 6 am		Partial Lunar Eclipse, visible in western N. America 6:22 am	S 5-Aquarid meteors peak 2 am		Sunrise 5:24 5:44 Sunset 20:48 20:28



AUGUST

Diamond Ring and Prominences

Normally, a photograph of the Diamond Ring phase of a total solar eclipse blocks out any other details, unless, as here, a short exposure time is employed. This allows the thin, arcing prominence at the upper right and the larger ones at the upper left to have their place in the sun.

Photo by Murray Paulson

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
West East 10.06 10:04 Rise 22:57 22:54	Set 11:20 11:13 2	Set 12:35 12:23 3 Rise 23:48 23:54 3	Set 13:52 13:35 Rise 3rd Quarter 13:27	Rise 0:18 0:27 Set 15:08 14:47 5	Rise 0:52 1:06 Set 16:23 15:58	Rise 1:34 1:50 7 Set 17:34 17:07 7 Sunrise 5:34 5:52 Sunset 20:36 20:19
α-Aurigid meteors peak 7 am	Civic Holiday	4				Mount Kobau Star Party, BC (through August 15) Uranus at opposition 3 pm
Rise 2.25 2.43 Set 18.37 18.09	Rise 3:26 3:43 9 Set 19:30 19:05	Rise 4:34 4:49 10 Set 20:13 19:52	Rise 5:47 5:58 Set 20:48 20:32 New Moon 7:08	Rise 7:01 7:08 12	Rise 8:14 8:16 13	Rise 9:25 9:22 14 Sunrise 5:45 6:00 Sunset 20:23 20:09
West East			Total Solar Eclipse, visible in N Atlantic, Europe & Middle East Partial visible in E. N. America		Perseid meteors peak 2 am	Mercury greatest elong. W (19°) 10 am
Rise 10.33 10.27 15 Set 22.29 22.30 15	Set 22:51 22:57 16	Rise 12:45 12:30 17	Rise 13:49 13:30 18 Set 23:42 23:54 18 (Quarter 21:47	Rise 14:51 14:29 19	Set 0:12 0:27 20 Rise 15:51 15:26 20	Set 0.47 1:05 21 Signification of the second of the secon
Set 1:29 1:48 22	2 Set 2:19 2:37 23 Rise 18:24 17:59 23	Set 3:16 3:32 24	Set 4:19 4:33 25	Set 5:28 5:37 26	Venus at Inferior conjunction 8 am Set 6:40 6:44 27 Rise 20:36 20:26	Set 7:53 7:53 28 Sunrise 6:07 6:17 Sunset 19:55 19:45
Set 9:09 9:03 29	Set 10:25 10:14 30	Set 11:42 11:26 31		Times in the upper half of the daily boxes	JULY S M T W T F S	SEPTEMBER S M T W T F S
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SEPTEMBER

A Cosmic History Lesson

Stellar creation moves from dark clouds of matter to glowing HII star-factories to open clusters. At left of centre in this region of Scorpius is B48's dark nebula, then, in the middle, IC4628's fiery furnace of star-formation, and finally the finished products, such as the open cluster NGC6268 at the upper left and, more expansively, swarms of stars to the lower right of the nebulosity.

Photo by Rajiv Gupta

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West East 1:15 1:32 Set 17:24 16:58	Risse 2:19 2:35 Set 18:09 17:46	Rise 3:29 3:41 Set 18:47 18:28 7	Rise 4:41 4:50 Set 19:18 19:04	Rise 5:54 5:58 Set 19:44 19:35 New Moon 18:02	Rise 7:06 7:05 10	Rise 8:16 8:11 1 1 Set 20:31 20:30 1 1 1 Sunrise 6:29 6:33 Sunset 19:24 19:19
	Lабоит Дау		Alberta Star Party, Caroline AB (through September 12) Zodlacal Light visible in E before morning twilight for next two weeks			
Rise 9.24 9.15 Set 20.53 20.57 12	Rise 10:30 10:17 13	Rise 11:35 11:18 14		Rise 13:39 13:15 16	Rise 14:37 14:11 17 Set 23:22 23:41 17 1st Quarter 16:06	Rise 15:30 15:03 18 Set 18 Sunrise 6:39 6:42 Sunset 19:08 19:08
Set 0:08 0:27 19	Set 1:02 1:19 20	Set 2.02 2:17 21	Set 3:08 3:19 22	Set 4:19 4:26 23	Set 5:33 5:35 24	Set 6:49 6:46 25 Rise 19:28 19:26 Full Moon 6:51 Sunse 6:50 6:50 Sunset 18:52 18:52
Set 807 7.58 26	Set 9:26 9:12 27	Set 10:45 10:26 28	Set 12:03 11:40 29 Rise 21:31 21:46 29	H. von Seeliger, pioneer of study of star distribution, born, 150 years ago Fall Equinox 7:32 am Set 13:17 12:51 30 Rise 22:16 22:33		
Venus at greatest brilliancy 11 am			Moon occults Aldebaran (visible in eastern Canada) 10 pm		"That man can interrogate as well as observe nature was a lesson slowly learned in his evolution." Sir William Osler Canadian physician/anatomist	

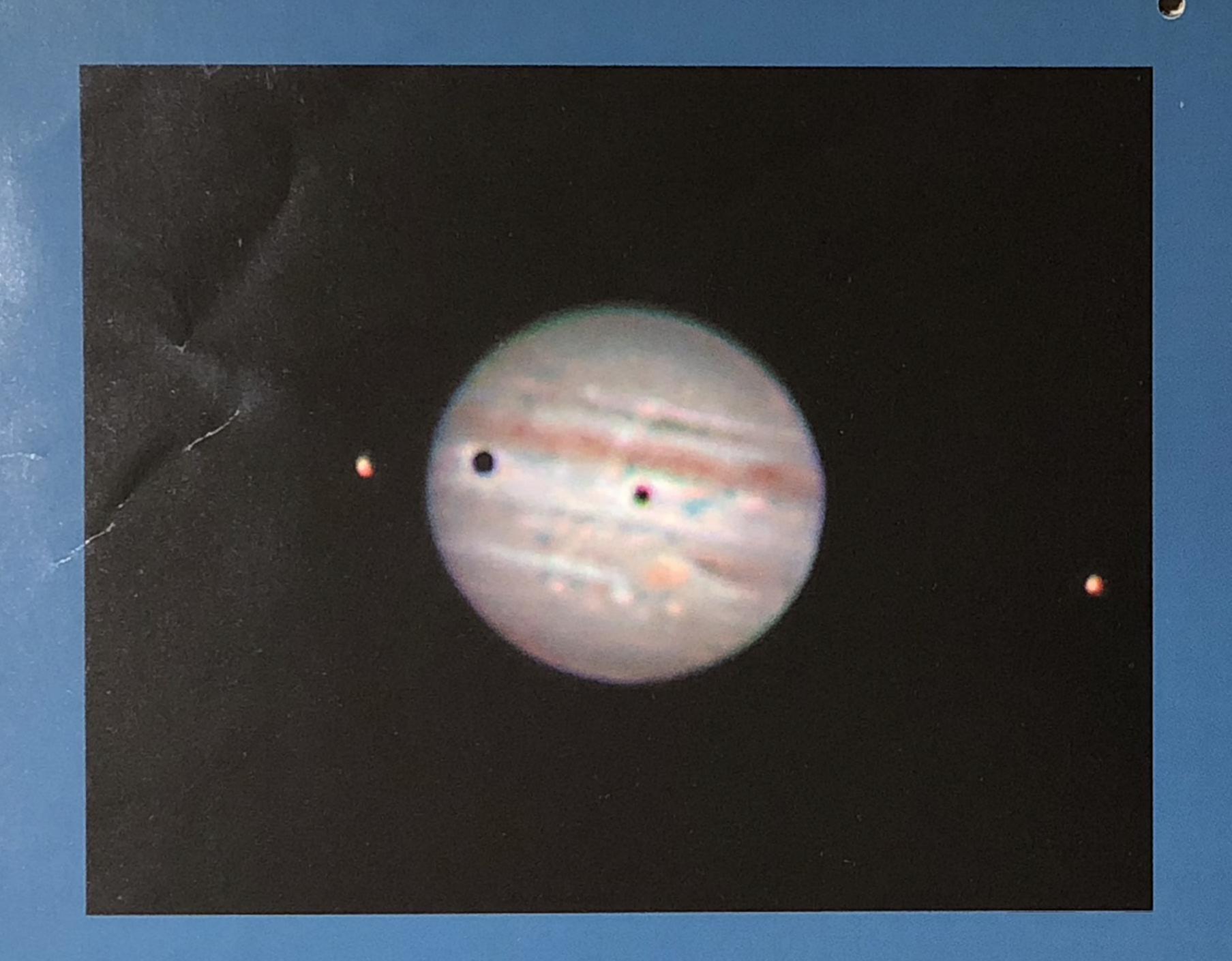


OCTOBER

The Great Andromeda Galaxy in Colour

The correlation between colours and ages of stars is finely evident in this portrait, which is a unique composite of Technical Pan black-and-white film (for exquisite detail) and Fuji SG800 Plus colour film (for a good range of tints). Consider, for example, how the colours in the young star cloud NGC206 (at lower right) contrast with the range of hues among other Population I stars around it. Photo by Peter Ceravolo and Rajiv Gupta

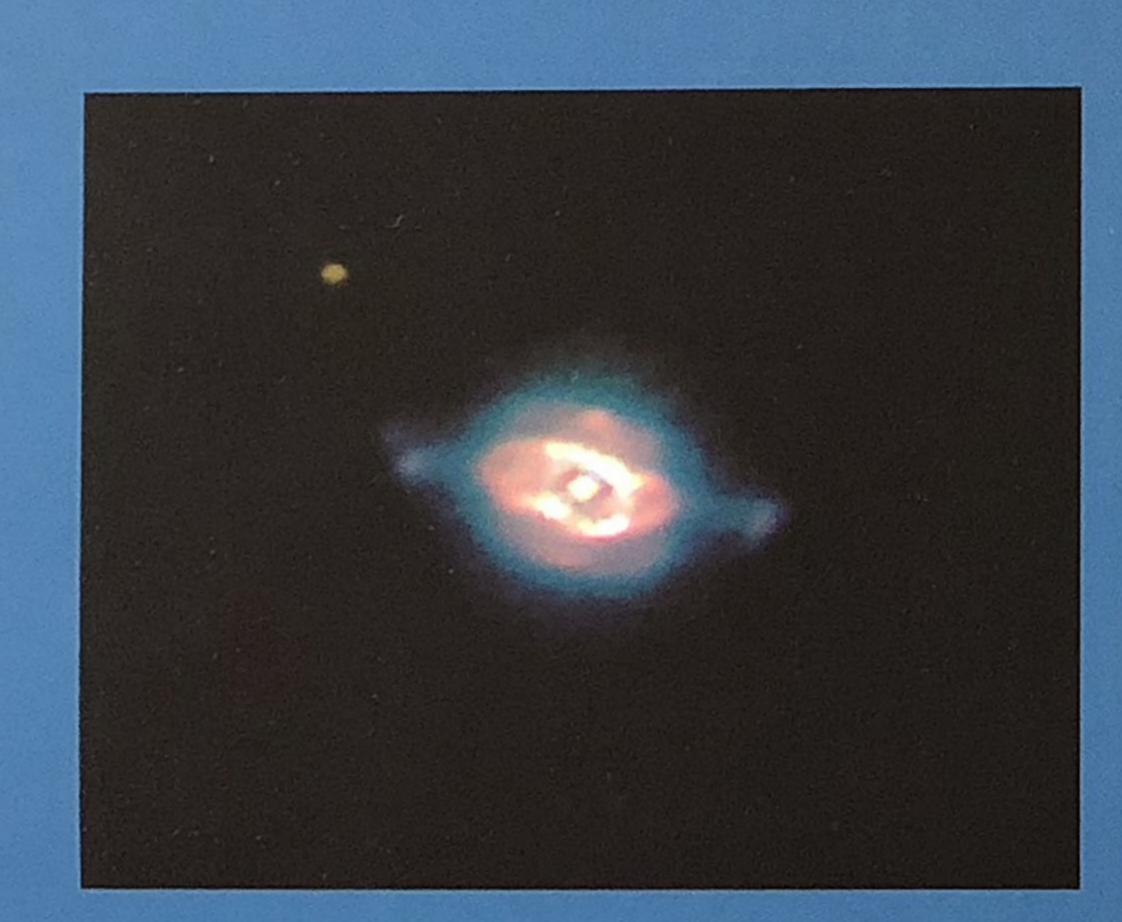
SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock, times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock. Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events which are given in local time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages. Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this callendar.	SEPTEMBER S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	NOVEMBER S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30			Set 14:24 13:56 Rise 23:09 23:27	Set 15:22 14:55 Rise 2 3rd Quarter 0.02 Sunrise 7:02 6:59 Sunset 18:36 18:39
Rise 0.10 0.27 Set 16.09 15.45 3	Rise 1:18 1:32 4	Rise 2:28 2:38 Set 17:20 17:05 5	Rise 3:40 3:46 Set 17:48 17:36 6	Rise 4:51 4:52 Set 18:12 18:05	Rise 6:01 5:58 Set 18:34 18:32	Rise 7:09 7:02 Set 18:56 18:58 New Moon 7:34 Sunise 7:13 7:08 Sunset 18:21 18:26
		Mark Garneau first Canadian in space, 15 years ago		Lunik 3 produces first photos of Moon's far side, 40 years ago	Zodiacal Light visible in E before morning twilight for next two weeks	
Rise 8:16 8:04 10	Rise 9:22 9:06 1 1 1	Rise 10.27 10.07 12 Set 20.10 20.23	Flise 11:29 11:06 13		Rise 13:23 12:56 15	Rise 14:13 13:46 16 Set 22:49 23:08 16 Sunrise 7:25 7:17 Sunset 18:06 18:14
	Thanksgiving Day				Ryle and Hewish win first Nobel Prize in radioastronomy, 25 years ago	Siding Spring Mountain Observatory in Australia dedicated, 25 years ago
Rise 14:56 14:31 17 Set 23:46 11:00 17	Set - 0.02 18	Set 0:49 1:02 19	Set 1:56 2:05 20 Rise 16:36 16:22	Set 3.08 3:12 21	Set 4:23 4:22 22	Set 5:40 5:34 23 Rise 17:53 17:53 23 Sunrise 7:36 7:26 Sunset 17:52 18:02
					Orionid meteors peak 9 am	Jupiter at opposition 3 pm
West East 7:00 6-48 Rise 18:20 18:25 Full Moon 17:02	Set 8:22 8:05 25	Set 9.44 9.21 26	Set 11:03 10:37 27	Set 12:15 11:47 28	Set 13:18 12:50 29	Set 14:10 13:45 30 Rise 23:08 23:23 30 Sunrise 7:48 7:35 Sunset 17:38 17:52
Mercury greatest elong. E (24°) 6 pm West East 13 52 1330 33 1 Riso 23 19 23 30 3 Riso 23 19 23 30 3				2 Shadows on Jupiter (visible east of Ontario) 7:05 pm		Venus greatest elong. W (46°) 8 pm
3rd Quarter 7:03						
Halloween Daylight Savings Time Ends 2 am						



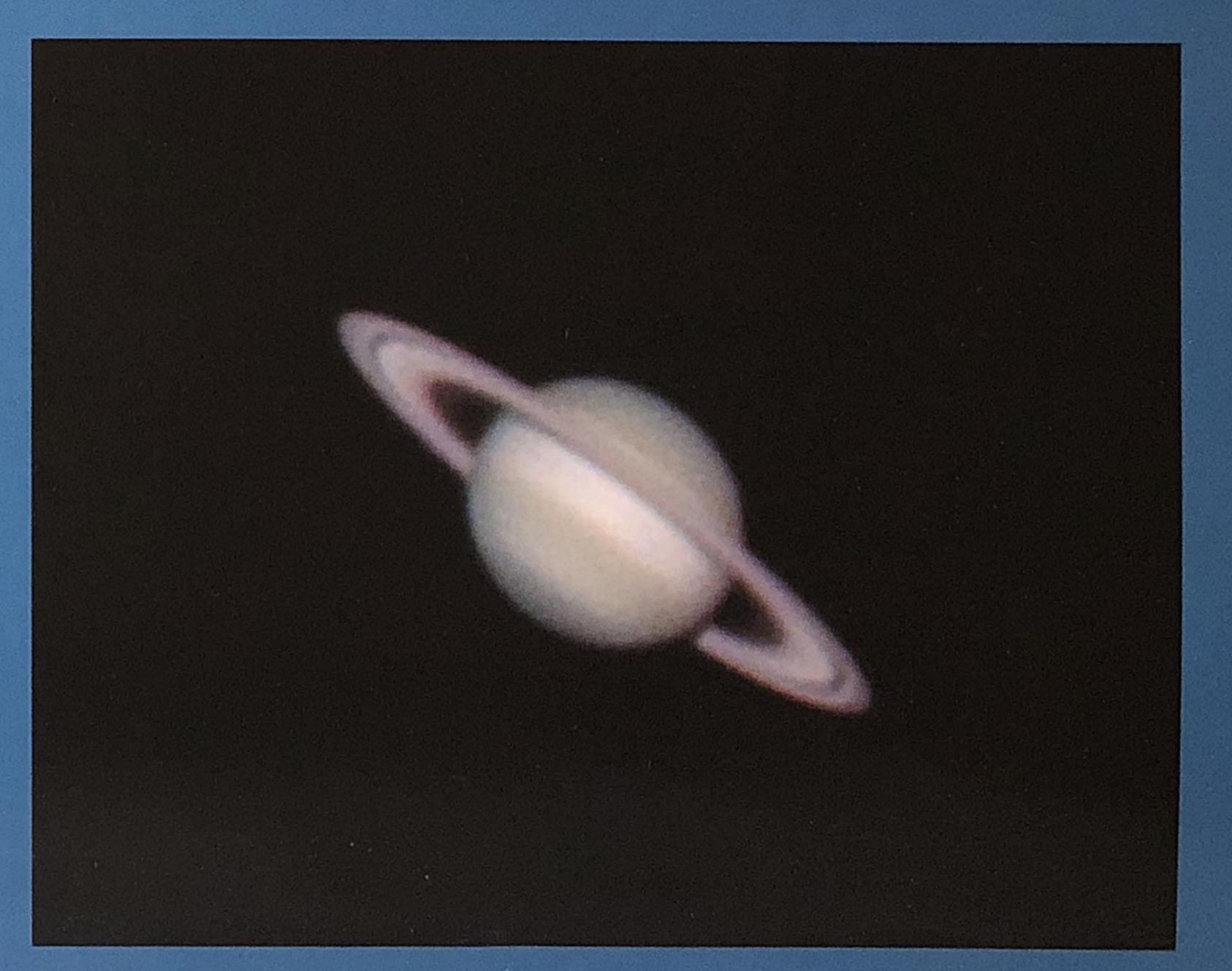


NGC 2392 (Eskimo Nebula)





NGC 7009 (Saturn Nebula)



NOVEMBER

Oppositions of Planets and Planetaries

This year, both Jupiter and Saturn reach opposition in autumn and are then best placed for viewing events such as a double shadow transit on Jupiter (November 4). The historical misnomer, "planetary nebula," arose because disks of ejected material surrounding a star can look much like a planet; in particular the Saturn Nebula is strikingly similar to the planet Saturn. Photos by Jack Newton

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock, limes in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock. Eastern lime is used, except for rise and set events which are given in local lime. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages for phonount of the pages for blocation are given in the back pages. Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this	West East 14:25 14:08 1	Rise 0.30 0:38 2	Rise 1:41 1:44 3	Rise 2:50 2:49 4	Rise 3.58 3.52 Set 16:01 16:02 5	Rise 5:05 4:55 Set 16:23 16:28 6 Sunrise 7:00 6:45 Sunset 16:26 16:42
West East 7	Rise 7:16 6:57 Q	Rise 8:20 7:57	S Taurid meteors peak 8 am	2 Shadows on Jupiter (visible in all of Canada) 8:32 pm	Rise 11:09 10:42 1 2	Saturn at opposition 9 am
Set 16:46 16:54 New Moon 22:53	Rise 7:16 6:57 Set 17:11 17:24	Rise 8.20 7:57 Set 17:40 17:56	Rise 9:21 8:55 Set 18:14 18:32	Set 18:54 19:14	Set 19.41 20:00 1 Z	Rise 11:55 11:28 13 Set 20:34 20:52 13 Sunrise 7:12 6:54 Sunset 16:15 16:34
West Foot				<i>Remembrance Day</i>	First comet found by a Canadian astronomer, van den Bergh, 25 years ago	N Taurid meteors peak 7 am
West East 12:10 Set 21:34 21:49 14	Rise 13.08 12.47 15	Rise 13:37 13:21 16 23:46 23:53 16 Quarter 4:03	Rise 14:04 13:52 17	Set 0:58 1:00 18	Set 2:12 2:09 19	Set 3:29 3:21 20 Rise 15:18 15:20 20 Sunnse 7:24 7:04 Sunset 16:07 16:27
	Mercury transits the Sun, visible in all of N. Amer. except NE US and E Canada 4:30 pm	First radio message to the stars sent from Arecibo, 25 years ago	Leonid meteors peak 6 pm	Humboldt observes Great Leonid Meteor Storm, 200 years ago		
West East Set 4:49 4:35 21 Rise 15:46 15:53	Set 6:12 5:52 22	Set 7:35 7:10 23 Piss 16:58 17:13 23 Full Moon 2:04	Set 8:54 8:26 24	Set 10:05 9:36 25	Set 11:04 10:37 26	Set 11:52 11:28 27 Rise 21:04 21:18 27 Sunrise 7:35 7:13 Sunset 16:00 16:22
Saturn 3.0° above Moon 10 pm						
Set 1229 12:10 28	Set 12.59 12.45 Rise 23.31 23.35 3rd Quarter 18.18	Set 13:25 13:15 30			OCTOBER S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	DECEMBER S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
	Regulus 1.2°SW of Moon 5 am		"The scientific theory I like best is that the rings of Saturn are composed entirely of lost airline luggage." Mark Russell		10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31



DECEMBER

Reflection and Emission Nebulas Around B33

The refinement of detail and the subtle gradation of colours here, as in the earlier portrait of M31, emerge from combining black-and-white and colour photographs. Note how the reflection nebulas reveal blue to purple shadings in contrast to the emission nebulas, whose reds range from hot yellows and oranges to the muted russet glow of hydrogen behind the Horsehead itself. Photo by Peter Ceravolo and Rajiv Gupta

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock. Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events which are given in local time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages. Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this calendar.	NOVEMBER S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	JANUARY S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	West East Rise 0.41 0.41 Set 13.47 13.42	Rise 1:50 1:45 2 (Set 14:08 14:08 2 (Mercury greatest elong, W (20°) (best morning view in 1999) 8 pm	Rise 2:56 2:48 Set 14:29 14:33 3	Rise 4:02 3:49 Set 14:51 14:59 Sunrise 7:45 7:21 Sunset 15:55 16:19
West East 5:07 4:50 5	Rise 6:11 5:50 Set 15:42 15:57	Rise 7:13 6:49 Set 16:14 16:32 New Moon 17:32	Rise 8:12 7:45 Set 16:52 17:11	Rise 9.06 8.38 Set 17.36 17.56 9	Rise 9:54 9:27 18:46 10	Rise 10:36 10:10 1 1 Set 19:25 19:41 1 1 Sunrise 7:53 7:28 Sunset 15:53 16:18
Rise 11:11 10:49 12	Rise 11:41 11:23 13 Set 21:33 21:41 13	Rise 12:08 11:54 14 Set 22:41 22:45 14	Rise 12.32 12:23 Set 23:52 23:51 1st Quarter 19:50	Rise 12:55 12:51 16	Set 1:05 0:59 17	Set 2:21 2:10 18 18 18 2 13:44 13:48 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18 2 18
Mars 2.0°W of Moon 7 pm West East 3.40 3.23 19 Rise 14.12 14.22 19	Set 5:01 4:39 20	Geminid meteors peak 1 pm Set 6:22 5:56 21 Rise 15:30 15:46	Set 7:39 7:10 Pise 16:23 16:41 Pull Moon 12:31	Set 8:47 8:18 23	Set 9:42 9:16 24	Set 10.26 10.04 25 Rise 19.56 20.07 25 Sunrise 8.02 7:37 Sunset 15.58 16.23
Set West East 11:00 10:44 26	Set 11:29 11:17 27	Aldebaran 0.7°E of Moon 4 am Set 11:53 11:46 28 Rise 23:38 23:35	Winter Solstice Closest Lunar Perigee of 1999 Largest Full Moon of 1999 Ursid meteors peak Set 12:15 12:12 Rise	Rise 0.46 0.39 30	Rise 1:53 1:41 31	Christmas Day
Boxing Day				E. Hubble's discovery of cepheid variables announced, 75 years ago		

The Royal Astronomical Society of Canada Observer's Calendar

How to Use this Calendar

A pictorial representation of the Moon's phase at midday is given in each daily box. The size of the Moon in the Calendar varies from day to day reflecting the change in the apparent size of the Moon in the sky as it moves closer to or further from the Earth.

Daily Moon and weekly Sun rise and set times, and the times of Moon phases, are shown in the top portion of the boxes. If no Moon rise or set time is given, this event occurs the next day. Special astronomical events, such as eclipses, meteor showers, occultations, interesting planetary events, and equinoxes and solstices, are given at the bottom of the boxes.

The Calendar lists events observable in some part of Canada. Days on which particularly interesting phenomena occur are highlighted with a light green shading. Detailed information on all events, including their visibility from particular locations, may be determined by consulting the *RASC Observer's Handbook*.

Adjusting Times for Actual Location

All times are adjusted for Daylight Savings Time. Moon phases and special events are given in Eastern time. The user's local time for events *other than* Moon and Sun rise and set may be determined by converting the given time to the user's time zone (e.g.. Pacific time is Eastern time minus 3 hours).

Two sets of rise and set times are given to accommodate observers across Canada. The *West* times displayed are computed for location 51° N latitude and 105° W longitude (near Regina). The *East* times are for 45° N, 75° W (near Ottawa). The actual times for a given location must be calculated using the table above.

The table gives a correction in minutes to the tabulated rise and set times for each RASC Centre. In the column labelled **Correction**, an entry such as *East* + 25 means add 25 minutes to the displayed *East* time. This computed time is an approximation. In the column labelled **Accuracy**, the maximum error in minutes for Moon rise and set using this method is indicated. The error for Sun rise and set is less.

Note that the rise and set times calculated using the above method *will be local times*. It is not necessary to adjust them for time zone.

Location	Correction	Accuracy	Latitude
Victoria	West + 13	19	47.8
Vancouver	West + 12	13	49.2
Okanagan	West - 2	9	49.7
Calgary	West + 36	2	51.1
Edmonton	West + 34	15	53.6
Saskatoon	West + 67 (1)	5	52.1
Regina	West + 58 (1)	3	50.5
Winnipeg	West + 29	7	49.9
Thunder Bay	West + 57	16	48.4
Windsor	East + 32	15	42.3
Sarnia	East + 30	12	42.9
London	East + 25	12	43.0
Kitchener	East + 22	10	43.4
Hamilton	East + 20	11	43.2
Toronto	East + 18	7	43.7
Niagara	East + 16	11	43.1
Kingston	East + 6	4	44.2
Ottawa	East + 3	3	45.4
Montreal	East - 6	3	45.5
Quebec	East - 15	9	46.8
Halifax	East + 14	6	44.6
St. John's	East + 1	17	47.5

⁽¹⁾ Subtract 60 min. from these computed times in the summer.

For other locations, the user should calculate a correction factor. This amount is +4 minutes for each degree that the user's location is west of the central meridian of the user's time zone or -4 minutes for each degree that it is east. A table with values for various locations can be found in the RASC Observer's Handbook. This correction factor should be added to the displayed West or East time corresponding to the closest of these two locations to the user's site. The accuracy in minutes for Moon rise and set can be calculated by multiplying the difference in latitude between the user's location and that of the West or East site used by 5 and adding 0.2 times the difference in longitude.

Further improvement in accuracy may be obtained for some sites by interpolating or extrapolating the West and East times depending on the user's latitude. Latitudes of all RASC Centres are given in the table. For example, the latitude of Thunder Bay is approximately midway between those of the West and East sites. An observer in Thunder Bay can improve accuracy to 3 minutes by averaging the given West and East times and then adding the correction factor for Thunder Bay, which is 57 minutes.

The Royal Astronomical Society of Canada

Since it was founded in 1890, the RASC has filled a special role in astronomy. Its amateur and professional astronomers have made significant observational contributions to astronomical research. The RASC also takes pride in the role it plays in educating the general public about astronomy. Today the RASC consists of over 3200 members, most of whom are attached to one of its 23 Centres across Canada

National Publications

The RASC Observer's Handbook has been published since 1908 and is recognized worldwide as the leading handbook of its type. It lists the astronomical events of the year and other astronomical data, and is indispensable to amateur and professional astronomers alike. The Beginner's Observing Guide is an introduction to the night sky for the novice observer.

The RASC also publishes the bimonthly *Journal*, which contains articles of interest to amateur and professional astronomers. These include survey articles, original research papers, and items of an historical, biographical or educational nature.

An Invitation for Membership in the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada

Anyone with an interest in astronomy would benefit from membership in the Society. An applicant may affiliate with one of the 23 Centres across Canada, located in the cities shown in the table above. For the addresses of any of the Centres, information on joining the Society, or to order an RASC publication, please contact the National Office at:

136 Dupont Street Toronto, Ontario, M5R 1V2 888-924-7272 (toll free) or 416-924-7973

Email: rasc@rasc.ca Web: http://www.rasc.ca Production of the Calendar was computer assisted. The monthly grids with data were almost entirely computer-generated, using custom software. Photos were scanned using a flatbed scanner and digitally processed using Adobe Photoshop.

A variety of equipment was used for the photos, with details given at the right. All photographs were taken by members of the RASC, using personal equipment. The centre affiliation of each photographer is given in the credits below.

Editing and Production

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Monthly Grids and Astronomical Data

Rajiv Gupta David Lane Patrick Kelly

Captions

Lee Johnson

Historical Anniversaries

Diane Brooks David Chapman

Comments about the Calendar, and enquiries about photo submissions may be sent via electronic mail to gupta@interchange.ubc.co or by contacting the RASC National Office.



Cover/December: Reflection and Emission Nebulas Around B33. 45-minute exposure on medium-format Kodak Pro 100 film using a 7.2-inch t/2.4 Maksutov astrograph (Peter Ceravolo) and a 70-minute exposure on medium-format gas-

hypersensitized Kodak Technical Pan black-and-white film using a 5-inch 1/6 Astrophysics refractor (Rajiv Gupta), digitally combined using the software package RegiStar.



January: *Orion's Sword*. 45-minute exposure on medium-format Kodak Pro 100 film using a 7.2-inch. t/2.4 Maksutov astrograph.



February: An Upward Sweep of Trees and Star-Trails. 50-minute exposure on medium-format Kodak PPF Pro 400 film, fixed-tripod using a Mamiya 645 camera with a 55-mm lens at f/5.6.



March: Hale-Bopp Does Perseus. 5-minute exposure on mediumformat Kodak Pro PMZ 1000 film, unguided piggyback using a Bronica ETRSi 645 camera with a 75-mm lens at f/2.8.



April: A Poet's "Blood of the Moon." 15-second exposure on Kodachrome 200 film using a 4-inch f/6.6 Astrophysics refractor, September 26/27, 1996.



May: The Big Dipper Wreathed in Aurora. 14-second exposure on Fuji Super G 800 film, fixed-tripod using a 28-mm f/2.8 lens, November 9, 1997.



June: The Northern Coalsack. 30-minute exposure on mediumformat Kodak Pro PPF 400 film using a Mamiya 645 camera with a 150-mm lens at I/4.5.



July: The Veil Nebula at High Power. 5-minute red-filtered, 20-minute green-filtered, and 20-minute blue-filtered exposures on a Meade Pictor 1616XT CCD-camera using a Meade LX200 16-inch SCT at 1/6.3.



August. Diamond Ring and Prominences. 1/125-second exposure on Kodak Royal Gold 100 film using a 3.7-inch Brandon refractor with a 2X tele-extender.



September A Cosmic History Lesson. 50- and 70-minute yellow-filtered exposures and 100-minute red-filtered exposures on gashypersentized medium-format Kodak Technical Pan black-and-white film using a 5-inch f/6 Astrophysics refractor, digitally combined using RegiStar.



October: The Great Andromeda Galaxy in Colour. 60-minute exposure on Fuji SG 800 Plus colour film using a 5.7-inch f/4.5 Maksutov Newtonian (Peter Ceravolo) and a 70-minute exposure on medium-format gas-hypersensitized Kodak Technical Pan black-and-white film using a 5-inch f/6 Astrophysics refractor (Rajiv Gupta), digitally combined using RegiStar.



November: Oppositions of Planets and Planetanes. Jupiter and Saturn: 3/100-second red-filtered, 3/10-second green-filtered, and 1-2/10-second blue-filtered exposures on a Meade 1616XT CCD-camera using a Meade LX200 16-inch SCT at 1/30, taken Aug. 24, 1997 and Sep. 21, 1997 respectively. Planetaries: 1-minute red. 5-minute green, and 5-minute blue exposures as above, at 1/10.

1999

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New Moon Dates are displayed in bold.

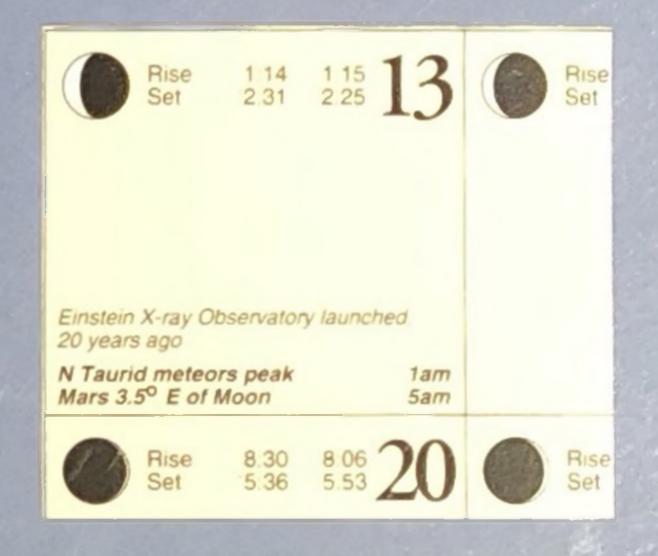
"Before the heavens and Earth existed There was something nebulous, Silent, infinite, unfathomable, Without beginning or end ..."

Book of Tao



This award-winning calendar was created by members of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada. All photographs were taken by amateur astronomers using ordinary camera lenses and small telescopes.

This calendar is designed with the observer in mind. An informative caption accompanies every photograph. Comprehensive astronomical data such as significant lunar and planetary conjunctions, daily Moon rise and set times, eclipses, and meteor showers, is included.



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